times of political strife and official delinquency, the element of bravery, in the sense I use it, too often wanting—and when we find the elements of talent, patriotism and moral courage combined, as in Governor Harvey, we may safely say, when he falls, "verily a great man has fallen."

Yours, &c.,

A. L. COLLINS.

In the fall of 1841, Mr. Harvey turned his steps in a westerly direction, and made his first stop at Kenosha (then Southport), in this state. Of his career at that place, we must allow Col. Frank, of the Kenosha Telegraph, who was then, and has ever since been, an intimate friend, to speak:

"He came a stranger, without influential friends to aid him and without capital, except a good character and a well cultivated mind, which are, after all, better foundations for a young man to build upon than money.

"The first business in which he engaged here was teaching. He found a building which had been erected for the purpose of an Academy, but which had never yet been occupied for educational purposes. He immediately hired the building, put out advertisements, inviting students, and opened his school en the 25th of December, 1841. His patronage was not large, but all that could reasonably be expected, in view of the newness of the town. In the summer of 1843, he took the editorial charge of the Southport American, a Whig paper which had been established in the fall of 1841. He, however, did not relinquish the business of teaching, but continued his school. Although this was his first attempt at editing a newspaper, he displayed tact and ability in this new vocation. The American while under his charge was a lively and spirited paper. He was an ardent politician, but never indulged in personal invective, and was generally courteous in the discussion of political differences.

"He was generous, genial, possessing an unusual flow of humor; and it was, perhaps, these qualities, combined with